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Lessons Learned from Israel's Reopening During a Nationwide COVID-19 Vaccination Campaign

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Key Message

Israel maintained an overall decrease in SARS-CoV-2 cases and COVID-19 hospitalizations, ICU admissions, and deaths throughout all phases of reopening.

Key elements of Israel's reopening included a high proportion of adults receiving 2 doses of Pfizer-BioNTech's COVID-19 mRNA vaccine, a phased approach prioritizing the reopening of outdoor activities and schools first, and a 'Green Pass' or vaccination certificate allowing fully vaccinated or COVID-19 recovered individuals to enter higher SARS-CoV-2 transmission risk settings.

Summary

Background

Ontario's third wave of COVID-19 began on March 1, 2021 and is now under better control with sustained declines in SARS-CoV-2 cases and COVID-19 hospitalizations. The province is moving towards reopening with a three-step plan directed by vaccination rates and health indicators.

As decision-makers continue to plan and implement Ontario's reopening strategy, it is instructive to examine how countries like Israel have successfully executed a phased reopening. The State of Israel has the highest proportion of fully vaccinated individuals in the world. Nearly 62.8% of all Israelis have received one dose of COVID-19 vaccine, and 59% have been fully vaccinated as of May 18, 2021. These percentages are based on total population, including children below 16 years of age, who are currently ineligible for vaccination and make up approximately 30% of Israel's total population.

Questions

What were the stages of Israel's phased reopening and how were they implemented?

What was the observed impact of Israel's phased reopening during a nationwide COVID-19 vaccination campaign on SARS-CoV-2 cases and COVID-19 hospitalizations, ICU admissions, and deaths?

How does Ontario's current SARS-CoV-2 infection rate and COVID-19 vaccination coverage compare to Israel's at the start of its phased reopening?

Findings

Israel's reopening strategy had four phases which reopened the country from period of lockdown, travel restrictions and broad closures over the course of 6 weeks in February and March 2021. Outdoor spaces opened first, followed by schools, with subsequent loosening of restrictions on indoor gatherings. Israel also introduced 'Green Pass' partners.

requirements on February 21, 2021, permitting fully vaccinated or COVID-19 recovered individuals to enter indoor and higher SARS-CoV-2 transmission risk settings. Temporary Green Passes were also granted to children with a negative COVID-19 PCR test within 72 hours. Access to public spaces without a Green Pass gradually expanded with most non-essential establishments required to meet a 'Purple Badge' standard which involved customer and employee COVID-19 symptom screening, specific reductions in capacity, and self-monitored infection prevention measures.

Israel's third lockdown began on January 8, 2021 and was lifted on February 7, 2021 with phase 1 of reopening; at the time of re-opening first and second dose COVID-19 vaccine coverage were 30.1% and 15.4% respectively. The nation-wide lockdown drove reductions in SARS-CoV-2 cases and COVID-19 hospitalizations, with sharper declines occurring throughout Israel's phased reopening as vaccine coverage increased. Although children below 16 years of age are not yet eligible for vaccination, a similar drop in SARS-CoV-2 cases has been seen in this age group.

Interpretation

There are several key takeaways from Israel's successful approach that can inform Ontario's reopening. These include a phased approach beginning with reopening of outdoor spaces, followed by school, and later other indoor spaces and higher SARS-CoV-2 transmission risk settings.

Israel's reopening also involved the use of vaccine passports known as the 'Green Pass'. A goal of the Green Pass was to motivate vaccine uptake among younger or vaccine hesitant groups. Full vaccination enables citizens to hold a green pass, and have access to cultural venues, sports events, and concert halls. When SARS-CoV-2 infection levels were higher, restaurants, hotels, gyms, and other higher transmission risk indoor settings also required a Green Pass to enter. Most non-essential workplaces were required to follow a 'Purple Badge' standard, ensuring the safety and efficiency of workplaces without the need for customer proof of vaccination or COVID-19 recovery. Essential workplaces (such as grocery stores, food markets, transportation, hospitals and pharmacies, police and fire brigades) remained open throughout the lockdown and subsequent reopening phases, and adhered to separate guidelines than the Purple Badge.

The pace of Israel's and Ontario's vaccination campaigns differ substantially. Such differences may be due to land and population size (Ontario has a population 1.6 times greater than Israel, but with 45 times the land area), vaccine implementation (vaccine supply and access), digital infrastructure (centralized in Israel), and timing of the second dose (approximately 21 days in Israel and 120 days in Ontario).

Background

Ontario's third wave of COVID-19 began on March 1, 2021 and was driven by variants of concern (VOC) — particularly B.1.1.7 — which were associated with a 63% increased risk of hospitalization, a 103% increased risk of intensive care unit (ICU) admission and a 56% increased risk of death due to COVID-19.¹ The third wave placed tremendous pressure on the province's health care system, with Ontario peaking at 4,812 daily new SARS-CoV-2 cases, with 1,294 COVID-19 patients in hospital, and 661 COVID-19 patients in ICUs on April 16, 2021.^{2,3} As of May 19, 2021 there have been a total of 1,545 confirmed COVID-19 deaths during Ontario's third wave.²

As of mid-May, 2021, public health measures and vaccinations have helped control the transmission in Ontario and driven a reduction in SARS-CoV-2 infected cases, COVID-19 hospitalization and deaths. The 7-day rolling average of SARS-CoV-2 cases has decreased to 2,183 as of May 19, 2021,² while COVID-19 hospitalizations and ICU admissions are also decreasing. Public health measures enacted include a province-

wide shutdown of non-essential businesses, schools and other public gathering places on April 3, 2021 and later a province-wide stay-at-home order on April 17, 2021. Ontario's COVID-19 vaccination campaign has also made substantial progress, with more than 53% of Ontarians having received at least one dose of a COVID-19 vaccine, and approximately 4% of Ontarians having received two doses as of May 27, 2021.⁴

The Ontario Government released a roadmap on May 20, 2021 outlining a 3-step plan to reopen according to province-wide vaccination rates and health indicators (declining hospitalization, ICU, case rates and percent positivity).⁵ Step one can begin when 60% of adults have been vaccinated with one dose of a COVID-19 vaccine, provided that there is a continued decline in COVID-19 hospitalizations, ICU occupancy, daily cases and percent test positivity. It will involve a resumption of outdoor activities and small outdoor gatherings. Step two requires that 70% of adults are vaccinated with one dose and 20% with two doses, with further reopening of outdoor activities and gatherings, and allowing indoor gatherings of up to five people. Finally, in Step 3, 70-80% of adults must be vaccinated with one dose and 25% with two doses, allowing for expanded reopening of indoor spaces. In all steps, health indicators will continue to be monitored, and indoor masking will continue to be mandatory in all establishments where it is possible. The province will remain in each step for a minimum of 21 days. Ontario is expected to enter step one of reopening during the week of June 14, 2021 and announced that some outdoor recreational amenities will be reopened on May 22, 2021.

Ontario's reopening plan is aligned with recent Public Health Agency of Canada (PHAC) modelling suggesting that restrictive public health measures closing workplaces, businesses and other public settings could be eased once 75% of adults have one vaccine dose and 20% have two.⁶ As decision makers continue planning and implementing the safe reopening of Ontario, it is instructive to examine how countries which are further ahead in the pandemic trajectory have successfully executed a phased reopening strategy. Israel leads the world with the highest proportion of fully vaccinated individuals.⁷ As of May 18, 62.8% of all Israelis have received at least 1 dose of COVID-19 vaccine, and 59.0% have been fully vaccinated with two doses.⁸ These percentages are based on total population, even though children below 16 years of age — who make up approximately 30% of Israel's population — are ineligible for vaccination.⁹ Israel enacted phased reopening of the country on February 7, 2021.

Questions

What were the stages of Israel's phased reopening and how were they implemented?

What was the observed impact of Israel's phased reopening during a nationwide COVID-19 vaccination campaign on SARS-CoV-2 cases and COVID-19 hospitalizations, ICU admissions, and deaths?

How does Ontario's current SARS-CoV-2 infection rate and COVID-19 vaccination coverage compare to Israel's at the start of its phased reopening?

Findings

Stages of Israel's Phased Reopening

Israel's third lockdown began on January 8, 2021 during a third wave that was driven by the B.1.1.7 variant, and was lifted on February 7, 2021 with phase 1 of reopening. Unlike Ontario, Israel used a date-based phased approach to reopening, and progressed through three additional stages on February 21, March 7, and March 19, 2021. This strategy allowed Israel to reopen public spaces, schools, institutions and businesses, while maintaining some public health measures and minimizing SARS-CoV-2 infections and COVID-19 hospitalizations, ICU admissions, and deaths. Phased reopening began with the reopening of outdoor spaces, directly followed by the gradual reopening of schools (see Table 1).

At the start of the second phase of reopening, 'Green Pass' requirements were introduced to permit only fully vaccinated and COVID-19 recovered individuals with a Green Pass to enter certain establishments (see Tables 1 and 2). The 'Green Pass' is a vaccination certificate or passport that signifies that an individual has been fully vaccinated or previously infected and recovered. Upon entering an establishment that requires a Green Pass, vaccinated individuals are required to present their Green Pass along with identification, with the establishment having the option of scanning a falsification-proof QR code on either a smartphone app or a printed piece of paper. The Green Pass aims protect high-risk vaccinated individuals and allow them to participate in indoor activities at a time of continued community spread of SARS-CoV-2 - since these individuals (older multi-morbid patients) have lower vaccine effectiveness.^{10,11} It is also intended to encourage vaccination uptake, including for those at lower risk of severe COVID-19 disease, by incentivizing entry into socially desirable settings including cultural venues, sports events, and concert halls.¹² Access to public spaces and activities not requiring a Green Pass has gradually expanded. Loosening of restrictions on indoor public and private gatherings occurred in the later stages of reopening. Most workplaces were required to meet a 'Purple Badge' standard requiring customer and employee screening, specific reduced capacities, and proper cleaning procedures. Unlike Ontario, where capacity is often described as percentages, Israel specifies capacity numerous different ways - depending on the establishment — including the area of an establishment that can be occupied by one individual, an absolute number, a number based on the amount of staff present in a store, or a percentage.

The country's third lockdown began on January 8, 2021 and included a restriction on residents travelling further than 1000 metres from their place of residence (with some exceptions, such as going to get vaccinated, receive medical treatment, or exercise outdoors) and fines for violating this travel restriction.¹³ Schools and nonessential workplaces were not permitted to be open; however, essential workplaces (for example, grocery stores, public transportation, hospitals and pharmacies, police and fire brigades) followed governmental guidelines for operation throughout the lockdown and subsequent reopening. Israel maintained indoor and outdoor mask mandates during all four phases of reopening, only lifting the outdoor mask mandate on April 18, 2021.¹⁴ Table 1 provides a summary of each stage of Israel's reopening.

Reopening Phase Summary of Reopening Phase Lockdown Ends, Phase 1Begins (February 7, 2021) Travel restriction of 1000 metres from home is lifted. Businesses with no public facing areas are reopened. Children in pre-school, grades 1-4 can go back to school in regions with low SAR CoV-2 infection rates. This was determined based on the rate of new SARS-CoV cases and the percentage of positive test results.^{15,16} Phase Two (February 21, 2021) Education Children in grades 5, 6, 11, and 12 can go back to school in regions with low SAR CoV-2 infection rates. This was determined based on the rate of new SARS-CoV cases and the percentage of positive test results.^{15,16} 13th and 14th grades in technical colleges — the equivalent of first and secor year of college in Ontario — may reopen according to the same reopening mod as schools (age of students). Group size for outdoor learning activities is permitted to increase from 10 to 20.	
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With the Green Pass	
 In addition to current arrangements, it is possible to sit indoors and outdoors cafes and restaurants, hotels, event gardens, attractions, and conferences. 	
Gathering Restrictions	
 Up to 20 people indoors and 50 people outdoors, except for regions with hig SARS-CoV-2 infection rates where ratio will remain 10:20 respectively. 	
Travel	
 Fully vaccinated Israeli residents do not have to quarantine after entering th country. Unvaccinated individuals are required to isolate in hotels or elsewhe with an electronic monitoring bracelet.¹⁸ 	
Phase Four • COVID-19 rapid testing is available at entrances to businesses operating und (March 19, 2021) • Green Pass requirements for all residents, not required for those with a Green Pass	
 Outdoor swimming pools, fairs, and tourist attractions are allowed to open. Certa tourist attractions and facilities will still operate under Purple Badge requirement 	
 Indoor fairs and sports facilities are allowed to operate under Green Pa requirements for capacity. 	
 Similarly, houses of prayer can operate under Green Pass requirements for capacit Those without Green Passes can be admitted after taking a COVID-19 test on th spot. 	

Table 1. Stages of Israel's Phased Reopening

Table describing the key components of each stage of Israel's phased reopening, which began on February 7, 2021, and progressed through three additional stages. Information sourced from the Israel Ministry of Health.^{19,20,21,22}

Table 2 describes the necessary steps to apply and present a Green Pass, as well as current establishments in Israel that require a Green Pass.

Eligible to Apply	 Individuals who are fully vaccinated or considered recovered from COVID-19. Vaccination is available to those 16 and older, regardless of healthcare coverage. Individuals 16 and younger who tested negative in a COVID-19 PCR test. They will receive a Green Pass that is valid for 72 hours from their day of
	testing.
Application Process	 Options to apply online, on an app, on the Ministry of Health Hotline, or with interactive voice response.
	 Personal information is passed through a secure central repository that informs you if you are fully vaccinated, recovered, or a confirmed case.
Current Establishments with Green Pass Requirements	 Sports and cultural event venues, concert halls.
Presentation of Green Pass and Pass Expiration	 Establishments with Green Pass requirements are required to place a sign informing visitors of Green Pass requirements.
	 Individuals must present the Green Pass — using a QR code on the Ministry of Health 'Traffic Light App' or a printed copy — and photo I.D. when entering an establishment requiring a Green Pass.
	 Pass is valid until the end of 2021.
	 Vaccination certificate or certificate of recovery (granted without an ap- plication) can replace the Green Pass, but the Green Pass is preferable.

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Table 2. Israel's Green Pass (Introduced on February 21, 2021)
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Table describing the process of obtaining and presenting a Green Pass, establishments requiring a Green Pass, and Green Pass expiration. Since Phase 4 of reopening, access to establishments without a Green Pass has greatly expanded; most establishments must meet the Purple Badge standard (see below). Information sourced from the Israel Ministry of Health.²³

Requirements to Meet the Purple Badge Standard

Retail stores and non-essential industries and workplaces are permitted to reopen — with or without a Green Pass — provided that they agree to follow a set of public health measures to meet the Purple Badge standard.²⁴ These establishments include restaurants, gyms, pools, stores selling cultural and leisure items, and other businesses.

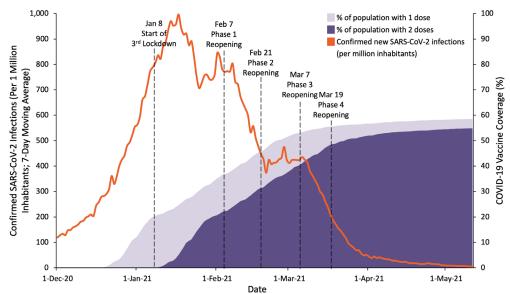
Employers are required to appoint an employee to be responsible for monitoring and managing these measures. For all workplaces, there is mandatory COVID-19 screening prior to entry of employees and customers. This process is comprised of a non-invasive temperature check and screening questions about potential COVID-19 symptoms and recent close contact with COVID-19 patients. Additional signage and measures to maintain a distance of at least 2 metres between individuals of different households is also required in businesses and workplaces. If this is not possible, there must still be continuous enforcement of measures to prevent infection. Sharing equipment and workspaces should be avoided, and cohorting groups of workers is required. Employees who can work from home and conduct their work outside the workplace setting are required to do so to reduce capacity.

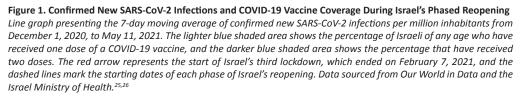
All workplaces must operate at a defined reduced capacity — most often determined using the area of an establishment — and the employer and individual responsible for upholding the Purple Badge rules must sign a document committing to implement these rules. If there is one or more SARS-CoV-2 case in a non-essential workplace or industry, the district's medical officer of health or the business owner can order the full or partial closure of the establishment. The Ministry of Health may conduct an investigation and specify subsequent reopening steps.

Impact of Israel's Phased Reopening During COVID-19 Vaccine Rollout on SARS-CoV-2 Cases and COVID-19 Hospitalizations, ICU Admissions, and Deaths

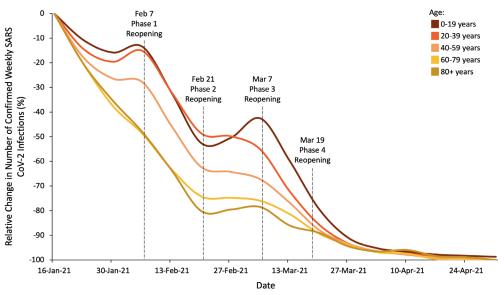
Between February 7, 2021 — the start of the first phase of reopening—and March 7, 2021—the start of the third phase of reopening — there was a 47.1% drop in SARS-CoV-2 cases. As well, first and second dose COVID-19 vaccine coverage went from 38.2% and 23.8% to 53.5% and 41.71%, respectively. Following the third phase of

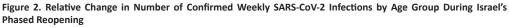
reopening there was a significant decline in SARS-CoV-2 cases. By April 19, 2021, the 7-day moving average was only 17.5 SARS-CoV-2 cases per million inhabitants, indicating effective control of the pandemic in Israel.²⁷ As seen in Figure 1, after the first three phases of reopening, there was a net decline in SARS-CoV-2 cases over subsequent weeks as COVID-19 vaccine coverage continued to increase.





Although there was some decline in the 7-day moving average of SARS-CoV-2 cases following the implementation of the nationwide lockdown, sharper declines occurred following increased COVID-19 vaccine uptake. Steeper reductions also occurred earlier in people aged 65 years and above, and around 3-4 weeks later in people aged 16 to 24 years, which corresponds to when COVID-19 vaccine coverage in this group began to increase.²⁸





Line graph presenting the relative change, as a percentage, of confirmed weekly SARS-CoV-2 infections by age group

from the week of January 16, 2021, to the week of May 1, 2021. The relative change for all age groups was indexed using the number of confirmed weekly SARS-CoV-2 cases at the peak of Israel's third wave in January 2021. The dashed lines mark the starting dates of each phase of Israel's reopening. Data sourced from Our World in Data and the Government of Israel.⁸

Although individuals younger than 16 years of age have yet to be vaccinated in Israel, Figure 2 demonstrates that Israel's national vaccination campaign also resulted in a marked decrease in the number of confirmed SARS-CoV-2 infections in 0 to 19-yearolds, even during phased reopening of school and daycare settings.

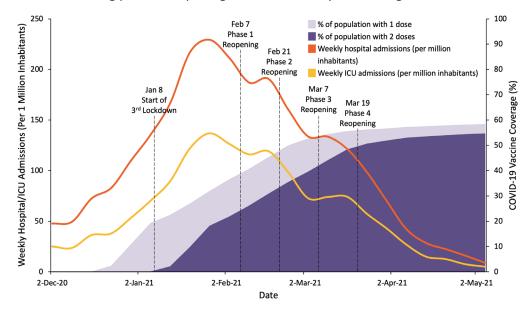


Figure 3. Weekly Hospital and ICU Admissions and COVID-19 Vaccine Coverage During Israel's Phased Reopening Line graph presenting the weekly hospital and intensive care unit (ICU) admissions per million inhabitants from the week of December 2, 2020, to the week of May 2, 2021. The lighter blue shaded area shows the percentage of Israeli of any age who have received one dose of a COVID-19 vaccine, and the darker blue shaded area shows the percentage that have received two doses. The red arrow represents the start of Israel's third lockdown, which ended on February 7, 2021, and the dashed lines mark the starting dates of each phase of Israel's reopening. Data sourced from Our World in Data and the Israel Ministry of Health.^{25,26}

The weekly COVID-19 hospital and ICU admissions in Israel continued to decline throughout all reopening phases. In parallel to the observed trend in Figure 1, hospitalizations and ICU admissions decreased slightly during Israel's lockdown, continued to decline throughout the first two reopening phases, and decreased substantially throughout the remainder of reopening.

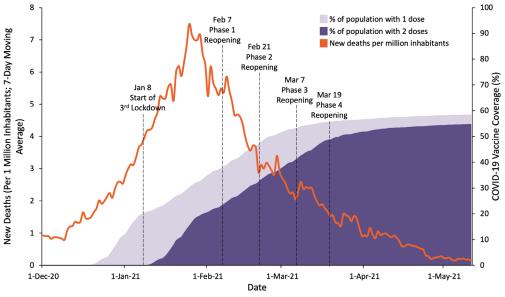


Figure 4. New Deaths and COVID-19 Vaccine Coverage During Israel's Phased Reopening *Line graph presenting the 7-day moving average of new deaths per million inhabitants from December 1, 2020 to May* 1, 2021. The lighter blue shaded area shows the percentage of Israeli residents of any age who have received one dose of a COVID-19 vaccine, and the darker blue shaded area shows the percentage that have received two doses. The red arrow represents the start of Israel's third lockdown, which ended on February 7, 2021, and the dashed lines mark the starting dates of each phase of Israel's reopening. Data sourced from Our World in Data and the Israel Ministry of Health.^{25,26}

In Figure 4, the 7-day moving average of deaths per million inhabitants begins to decrease approximately two weeks before phase 1 of reopening, during the lockdown, when first and second dose COVID-19 vaccine coverage was 30.1% and 15.4%, respectively.

Ontario's Current SARS-CoV-2 Infection Rate and COVID-19 Vaccination Coverage Compared to Israel's at the Start of its Phased Reopening

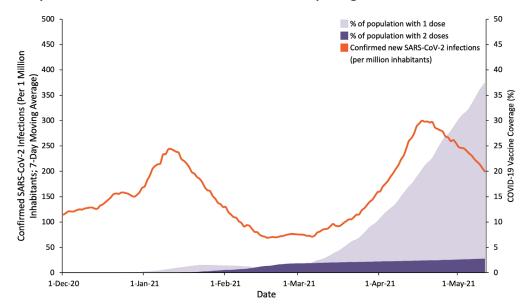


Figure 5. Confirmed New SARS-CoV-2 Infections and COVID-19 Vaccine Coverage in Ontario

Line graph presenting the 7-day moving average of confirmed SARS-CoV-2 infections per million inhabitants in Ontario from December 1, 2020 to May 11, 2021. The lighter blue shaded area shows the percentage of Ontario residents of any age who have received one dose of a COVID-19 vaccine, and the darker blue shaded area shows the percentage that have received two doses. The population of Ontario was assumed to be steady at 14,567,815 throughout the entire observation period. SARS-CoV-2 cases are presented as the number of new SARS-CoV-2 cases per 1 000 000 individuals reported on May 11. Data sourced from the Government of Ontario.^{2,29}

Ontario's 7-day moving average of confirmed new SARS-CoV-2 infections during its third wave has begun to decline after reaching a peak of approximately 300.0 confirmed cases per million individuals on April 17, 2021. Ontario's 7-day moving average of new SARS-CoV-2 cases was lower than Israel's at each of their reopening phases. As of May 11, 2021, the final date shown in Figure 5, 38.1% of Ontario's population were vaccinated with one dose of COVID-19 vaccine, and 2.7% were vaccinated with two doses. The coverage for the first dose on this date is nearly identical to Israel's first dose vaccine coverage at the start of its first phase of reopening; however, Ontario's coverage for the second dose is considerably lower than what Israel had during its first stage of reopening (23.8%).

Interpretation

The pace and speed of Israel and Canada's COVID-19 vaccination efforts differ substantially due to vaccine supply and access issues. Israel offered the administration of a second COVID-19 vaccine dose approximately 21 days after the first dose. However, in Canada, the interval from first to second dose of COVID-19 vaccines was extended up to four months due to limited supply.

Israel executed a phased reopening in conjunction with a national COVID-19 vaccination campaign, with sustained decreases in SARS-CoV-2 infections and COVID-19

hospitalization, ICU admissions, and deaths throughout. There are several key takeaways from Israel's successful approach that can inform reopening efforts in Ontario.

Notably, as seen in Table 1, the first phase of Israel's reopening was of outdoor spaces, directly followed by the reopening of schools, staggered by ages with the youngest students returning first. Opening of indoor establishments and loosening of restrictions on indoor gatherings were among the final stages of reopening. Throughout Israel's reopening phases and vaccination campaign, there has been continued enforcement of public health measures with an indoor masking policy in public spaces and recommendations of physical distancing and proper hand sanitization.

Israel also continued to aggressively test, trace, and isolate. To further limit the spread of COVID-19, Israel has open SARS-CoV-2 testing for all residents — including asymptomatic individuals — and conducts contact tracing for all cases.³⁰ Israel did this for the entirety of the third pandemic wave, and all samples are sequenced to test for VOCs. Israel continues to exercise strict travel controls, currently banning outbound travel to seven countries with widespread presence of VOCs.³¹ Returning travellers from abroad are also required to present a COVID-19 recovery certificate, a vaccination certificate, serology testing, or a negative PCR test results from within 72 hours prior to air travel.

The Green Pass, a vaccination certificate or passport, was designed to protect highrisk vaccinated individuals and allow them to participate in indoor activities at a time of continued community spread of SARS-CoV-2 – since these individuals (older multimorbid patients) have lower vaccine effectiveness.^{10,11}

The Green Pass approach also had a notable secondary impact to motivate citizens to get fully vaccinated by granting pass holders access to socially desirable cultural venues, sports events, and concert halls. When SARS-CoV-2 infection levels were higher, restaurants, hotels, gyms and other institutions also required a Green Pass to enter.

While there is no available data, the Green Pass may have also helped reduce SARS-CoV-2 transmission in higher-risk settings. Israel's Purple Badge standard ensures that customers, employees, and employers in non-essential workplaces and retail stores can operate safely and efficiently without customers needing to show proof of vaccination or COVID-19 recovery. Various aspects contributed to Israel's vaccine rollout and uptake success, including: the country's simple prioritization process, effective communication to instill vaccine confidence, digital infrastructure and penetration of smartphone apps and its small geographical area and population size.^{32,33}

There are important concerns related to equity and privacy with respect to Israel's Green Pass approach. Firstly, while this strategy was primarily designed to protect high-risk individuals, it also incentivized vaccines for groups who are hesitant. It can theoretically exacerbate existing social inequities — although this hindrance can be overcome as shown in Israel with relatively high eventual uptake in all population subgroups.

While the Green Pass approach could be intended to promote COVID-19 vaccine uptake, it may not address or incentivize vaccinations for those who lack vaccine confidence. Those with limited access to technological devices may also face barriers when applying for a Green Pass. Community engagement, trust building and targeted information are needed to address concerns of groups who are vaccine hesitant. Privacy concerns have also been noted with the Green Pass insofar as those checking credentials have access to private health information, albeit just limited to vaccination status.³⁴

At entrances to businesses operating under Green Pass requirements, rapid COVID-19 tests can be used upon entry for all residents, but not required for those with a Green Pass — addressing much of the equitable access issue.

Although Israel has only vaccinated residents 16 years of age and older, those younger than age 16 similarly experienced a substantial drop in SARS-CoV-2 infected cases (see Figure 2) during Israel's national vaccination campaign. A similar trend was observed in the United Kingdom.³⁵ Israel has mandated mask-wearing in schools and requires masks in indoor public spaces. Children also cannot participate in cultural events, sports events, and concerts without having had a negative COVID-19 PCR test within 72 hours prior to participating.

Applying Israel's phased reopening strategy, aligned with improving epidemiological indicators, increasing vaccine uptake and maintaining key public health measures could inform Ontario's approach. In Israel, this approach showed declines in SARS-CoV-2 cases, and COVID-19 hospitalization and deaths. Other promising practices to consider include the Green Pass approach which can incentivize vaccine uptake, emphasize outdoor activities and support a safe return to social and communal events in the arts and recreation.

The Purple Badge approach, which indicates workplace safety standards, could also support a safe reopening of Ontario workplaces, which have experienced a significant number of cases and outbreaks. However, it is important to consider some of the key differences between Israel and Ontario. Ontario has a population 1.6 times greater than Israel, but with 45 times the land area;^{37–39} as well, vaccine supply and access, digital infrastructure (centralized in Israel), and the timing of the second dose (with Israel insisting on 2-doses per protocol within 3 weeks) all helped to enable a robust and rapid vaccination campaign and reopening strategy in Israel.

Examining Israel's reopening is instructive given the phased approach, short timeline, very high number of fully vaccinated individuals, and absence of a surge in SARS-CoV-2 cases following the lifting of restrictions. As Ontario continues to plan and implement its own reopening strategy, examining the reopening of other jurisdictions is important. This includes the United Kingdom, which, like Ontario, has a diverse population, saw essential workers and racialized groups disproportionately impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic,⁴⁰ and maximized first COVID-19 vaccine doses by extending the dosing interval by several weeks.

Methods Used for This Science Brief

Data used in the analysis of Israel's SARS-CoV-2 cases, COVID-19 hospitalizations, ICU admissions and deaths as well as COVID-19 vaccination was sourced from Our World in Data and the Israel Ministry of Health and was current as of May 11, 2021.^{9,19,20} Data used in the analysis of Ontario's SARS-CoV-2 cases, COVID-19 hospitalizations, ICU admissions and deaths as well as COVID-19 vaccination was sourced from the Ontario Ministry of Health and was current as of May 11, 2021.^{2,29}

Author Contributions

GMK and NMS conceived the Science Brief. GMK, KBB, and NMS wrote the first draft of the Science Brief. GMK performed the analyses. All authors revised the Science Brief critically for important intellectual content and approved the final version.

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